

Grey Literature and Digital Preservation: Standards in Practice
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Digitization and Preservation of Non-Conventional Literature for the International Nuclear Information System (INIS)

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Scope of this Presentation

- Introduction: What is INIS?
- Overview of the INIS System Architecture
- Non-Conventional Literature (NCL) in the INIS Collection
- Preservation and Digitization of NCL (1970 to now)
- NCL Collection Management System
- Microfiche Digitization Project
- Other Digitization Activities
- Practical Session
- Conclusions

International Nuclear Information System (INIS)

- One of the world's largest collections of published information on the peaceful uses of nuclear science and technology
- Operated since 1970 by the IAEA in collaboration with 130 countries and 24 international organizations
- 45 years of successful international cooperation

INIS in 1970 ...

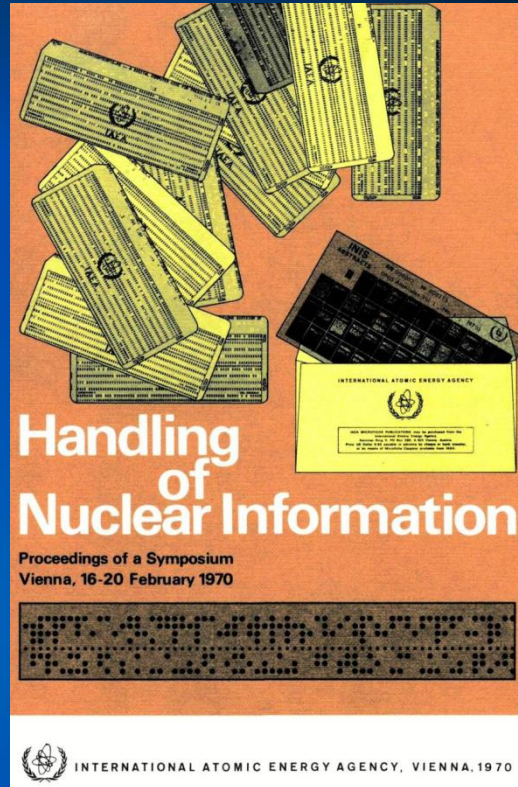
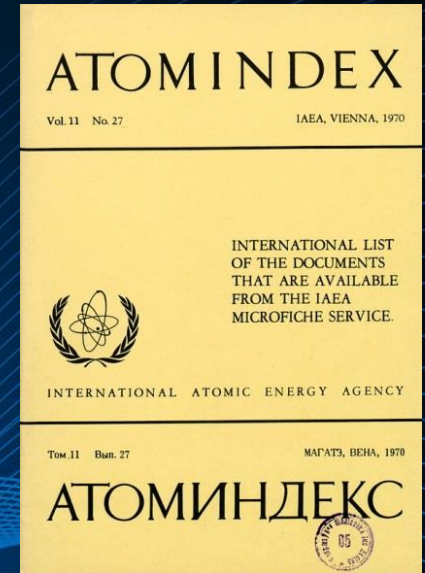
INIS Atomindex on magnetic tape



NCL on microfiche



INIS Atomindex in hardcopy



Handling of Nuclear Information
STI/PUB/254

... and NOW

- *Free online access to a unique collection of non-conventional (grey) literature*
- *Google-based INIS Collection Search (ICS): inis.iaea.org/search*



The screenshot shows the INIS Collection Search (ICS) website interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for [IAEA](#), [NUCLEUS](#), [FAQ](#), [Help](#), [Contact Us](#), [Register](#), [Sign In](#), and a language dropdown menu set to [English](#). Below the navigation bar is the IAEA logo and the text "IAEA | INIS". A secondary navigation bar contains links for [INIS Home](#), [Thesaurus](#), and [Browse](#). The main content area features a large blue background with a world map and the text "Search the INIS Collection". Below this text is a search input field with the placeholder text "Enter your search term here" and a "Search" button. Underneath the search field is a link for "Advanced Search". At the bottom of the main content area, there is a link for "INIS Collection Search Highlights".

INIS Path through History

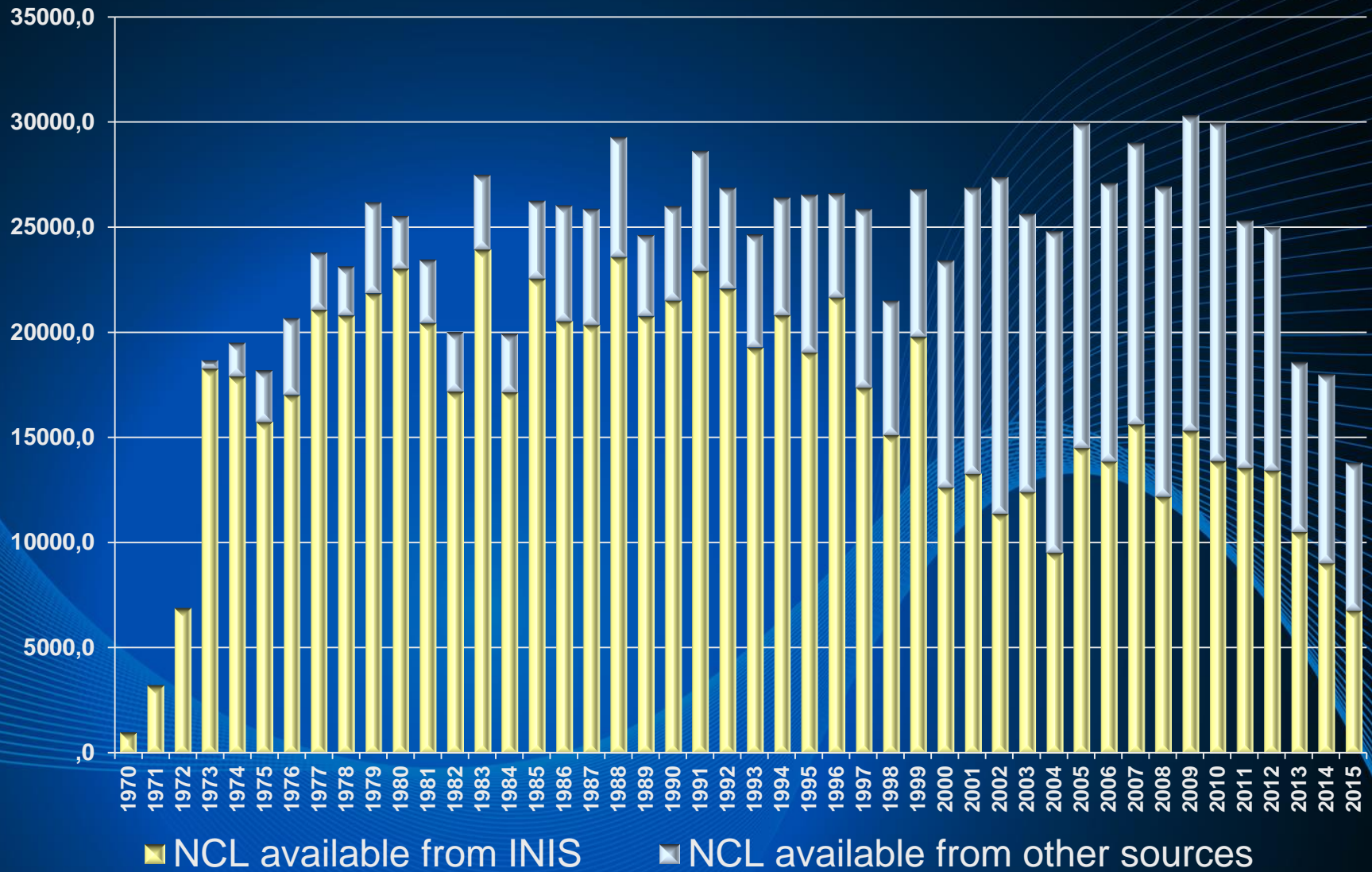
- 1970 First Atomindex in printed and electronic form. NCL distributed on microfiche
- 1971 INIS Thesaurus for document indexing
- 1991 INIS Database available on CD-ROM
- 1997 NCL full-texts on CD-ROM. Start of electronic document delivery service
- 1998 INIS Database on Internet (for subscribers only)
- 2004 Start of Computer-assisted indexing (CAI)
- 2009 Open Access of INIS Database on Internet
- 2011 Google-based INIS Collection Search (ICS)
- 2012 INIS Products made Unicode compliant
- 2013 Publicly accessible PDFs searchable through Google.com and Google Scholar
- 2014 Link to INSPIRE HEP, OCLC's WorldCat service, IAEA Library catalogue and NUCLEUS databases through ICS interface
- 2015 Over 190,000 page views and 230,000 PDF downloads in October 2015

INIS Milestones: <https://www.iaea.org/inis/about-us/history.html>

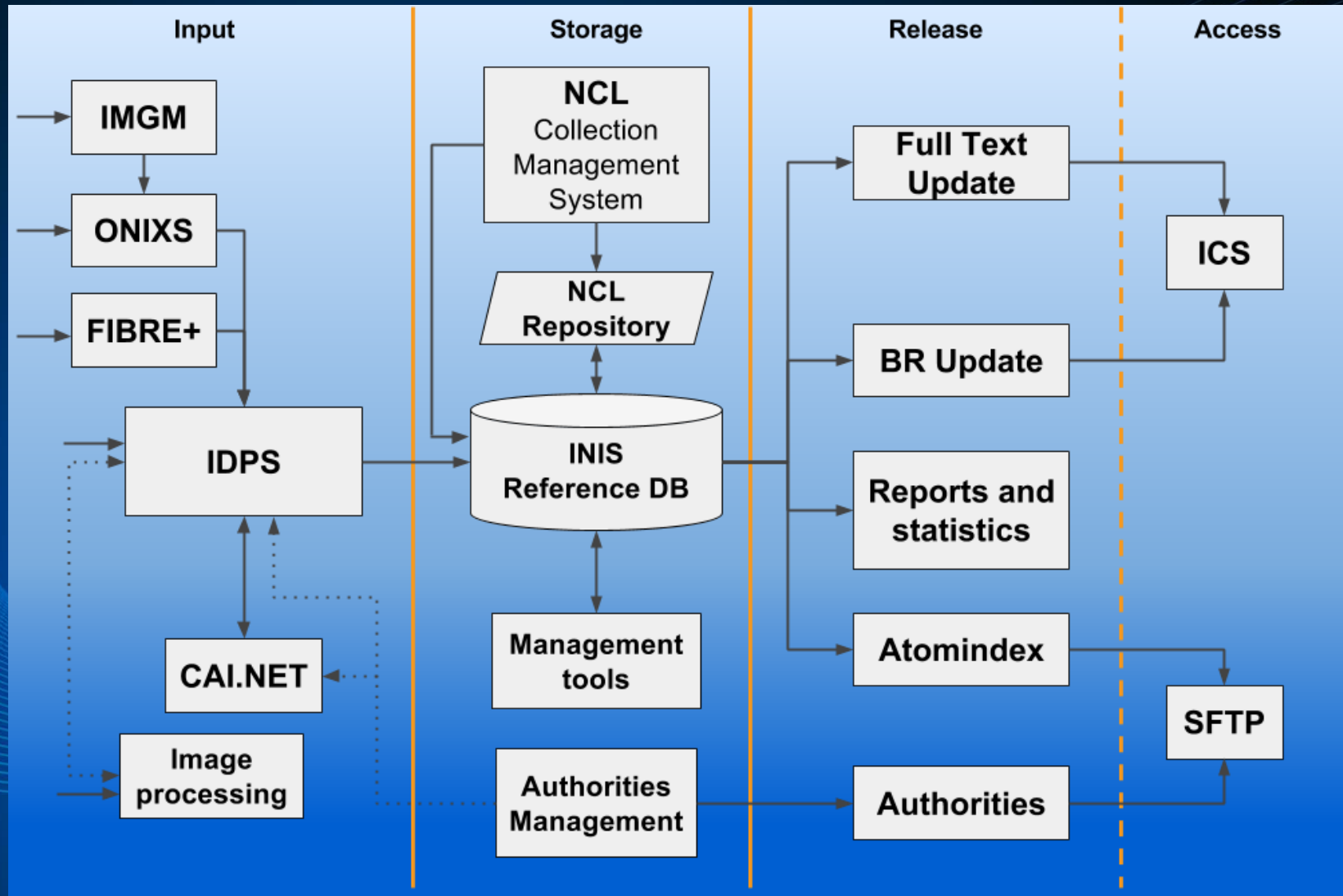
Non-Conventional Literature in INIS

- 3,86 million bibliographic records in the INIS Collection
- 27% (over 1 million records) are NCL
- > 750,000 NCL are “*Available from INIS*”
- > 515,000 full-texts in PDF
- > 371,000 full-texts are PUBLIC

Non-Conventional Literature in INIS 1970 - 2015



INIS System Architecture



NCL Processing and Distribution (1970 – now)

	Production System	NCL Processing	NCL Distribution
1970-1996	Microfiche-based (B&H, TDC Documate, Anacomp)	Conversion from paper to microfiche (Note: NCL from U.S.A. and Japan received on microfiche)	Diazo duplicates
1997-2003	INISIS Image-based (JouveScan)	Conversion from paper to TIFF	NCL CD-ROM with INISIR viewer
2003-2009	INISIS2K (InputAccel) IDPS (Livelink)	Conversion from paper to PDF + OCR Ingestion of PDF files	NCL CD-ROM Online access (subscribers only) E-mail / FTP
2010-2013	NCL Collection System (PixEdit + ABBYY FineReader)		NCL DVD Free online access E-mail / FTP
2014 to present			Free online access E-mail / FTP

INIS NCL Collection on Microfiche (1970-1996)

- 312,000 NCL reports
- 500,000 bibliographic records
- Conversion from paper to microfiche and diazo duplication after database production
- “NCL Check” ensured accuracy of the “eye-readable” microfiche header information
- Over 1 million master microfiches (≈ 17 million pages)
- Diazo duplicates sent to customers



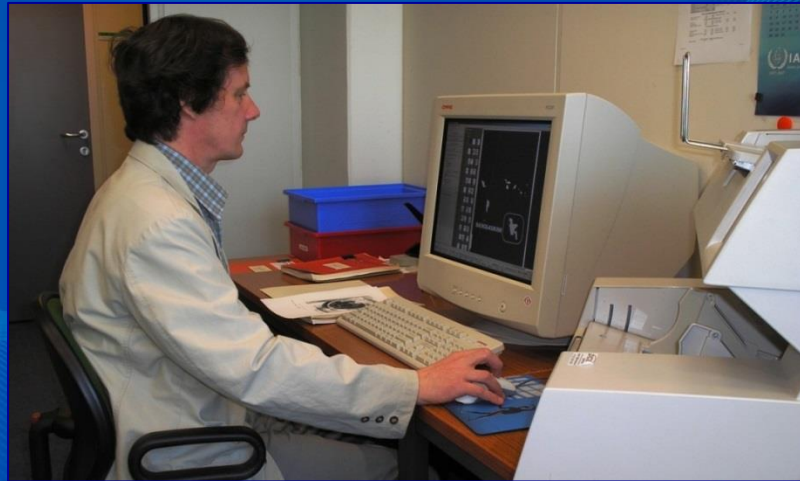
INIS Imaging System (INISIS) (1997-2003)

- Image-based production system developed by Jouve
- Imaging started only after database production
- B/W scanning, image enhancement, link to bibliographic metadata using bar codes, validation and CD image creation
- Format supported: single-page TIFF Group 4
- 2 b/w Fujitsu production scanners, 5 workstations, 2 servers



INIS Imaging System 2000 (INISIS2K) (2003-2009)

- 32-bit modular Capture System (EMC InputAccel)
- B/W, Greyscale and Color Scanning, OCR, output to PDF
- Integration with Livelink-based INIS Data Processing System (IDPS)
- Bibliographic Control of NCL from PDF output
- 2 B/W Fujitsu production scanners, 1 Kodak i260 color scanner, dedicated workstations for image enhancement and OCR

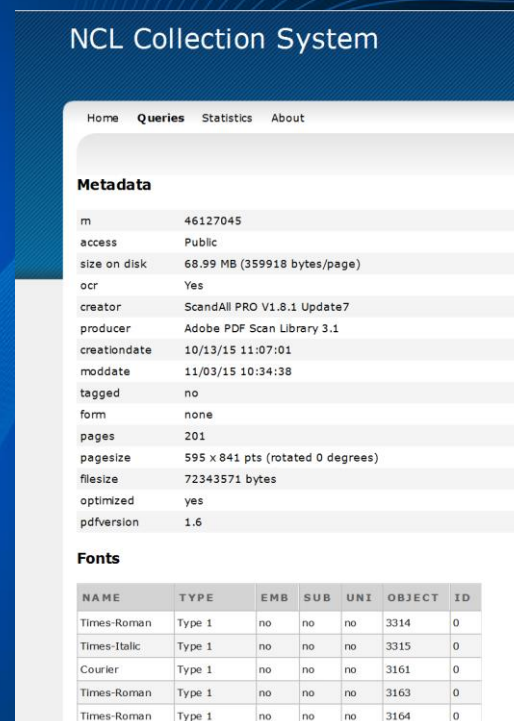
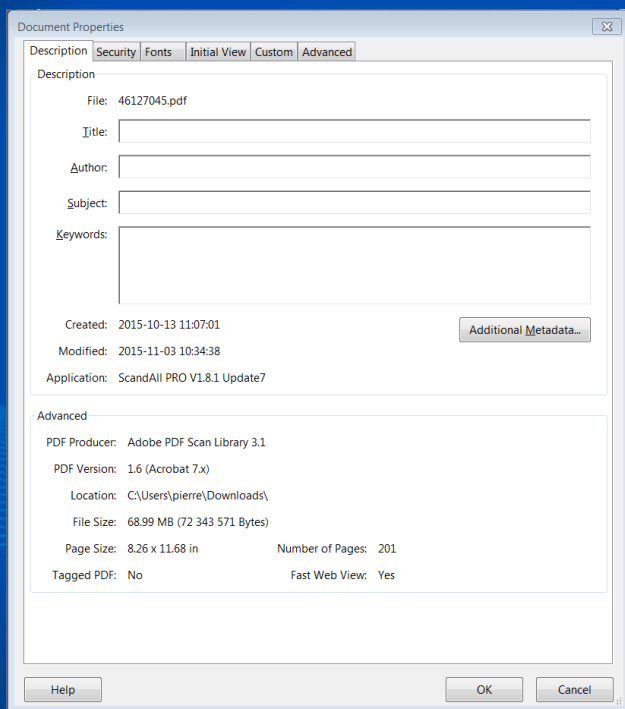


Current Technical Infrastructure (2010 to present)

- Flexible tools to support different projects:
 - PixEdit 8 (scanning, image enhancement)
 - ABBYY FineReader Corporate Edition 12 (multilingual OCR)
- 2 scanners (Fujitsu fi-5750c with VRS, Kodak i1440)
- 2 Sunrise microfiche scanners
- 4 workstations with quad-core processors

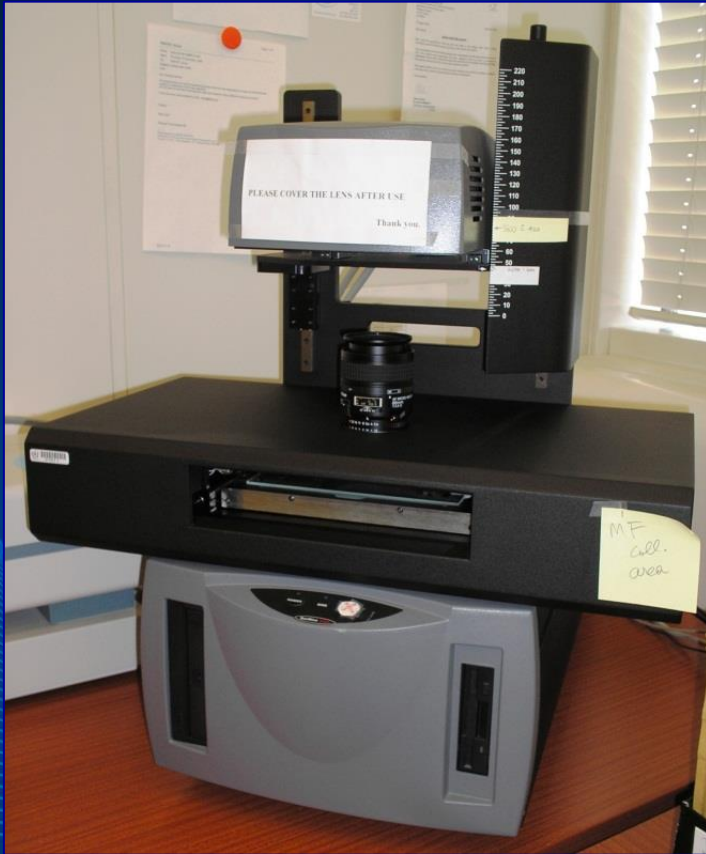
NCL Collection Management System

- Strong web-based data management system
- PDF Metadata is collected during ingestion into the NCL Collection
- Helpful to detect problems, e.g. PDF files needing OCR, poor PDF creation tools



Microfiche Digitization Project

- Project started in 2002 as support to document delivery service
- In close collaboration with the INIS National Centres to avoid duplication of work
- Scanning part was outsourced to 4 different companies
- Image enhancement, OCR and output to PDF done in-house



Support / Take Advantage of Digitization Initiatives

- Win-Win strategy. Some examples:
- Digitization of old collections from Mexico, Sweden, the Netherlands and Serbia
- CEA, France: Ongoing digitization of old theses from hard copy
 - Availability of full-texts in PDF adds new value to the INIS bibliographic records
 - PDF scanned from paper may replace the version scanned from microfiche in our NCL Collection
 - If gaps are identified, new INIS records are created
- US DoE: Digitized reports (from paper) available from SciTech are harvested to avoid duplication of work and speed up the digitization of our microfiche collection

Digitization of IAEA documents

- Agreement with IAEA Publications to digitize and make available on-line out-of-print books published before 2000: Proceedings Series, Safety Series, IAEA Bulletin
- Digitized old documents from the IAEA Board of Governors
- Digitized old documents of the International Nuclear Data Committee (INDC) for the IAEA Nuclear Data Section

Practical Session



For more information

- INIS Newsletters: <https://www.iaea.org/inis/products-services/newsletter/>
- INIS Training Seminar Presentations: <https://www.iaea.org/inis/events/training/TS-2015/Presentations/index.html>
- INIS Publications: <https://www.iaea.org/inis/products-services/publications/index.html>

Conclusions

- Digitization projects require:
 - serious planning
 - substantial funds
 - qualified staff (internal or external)
 - awareness of standards
 - well defined purpose
- Maintenance of high quality digitization process is a must
- Document preparation, selection of proper scanning techniques, type of equipment, and adherence to current standards, determine digitization success or failure
- Digitization should not be a goal in itself - its ultimate use and usefulness must always be taken into account
- Meaningful and searchable metadata should accompany any digitized collection, making online search and retrieval efficient
- Long term preservation needs to be considered in order to ensure future sustainability and availability of the digitized collection

Thank you !